# **Effectiveness of Green Supply Chain in Operations Management; Past Research and Future Agenda**

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#### Abstract

The study aims to study the effectiveness of green supply chain in operations management and its impacts on organizational and environmental performances. An in-depth qualitative study approach was used by analyzing different research articles, how organizations can effectively use green supply chain in operations management. The findings of the study reveal that green supply chain increases the effectiveness of organizational and operational performance by introducing the sustainable products. Furthermore, the study advances the understanding of green supply chain management and its application to operations management. Organizations may enhance their supply chain strategy and their environmental performance by considering the efficacy of sustainable practices, which will provide them a competitive edge. The findings also shows that organization's may develop a more responsible and resilient supply chain by coordinating operations with sustainability goals, which will benefit not just their bottom line but also the environment and society at large.

*Keywords:* Green Supply Chain, Operations Management, Organizational Performance, Operational Efficacy, Sustainable Performance

#### Introduction

In recent years, environmental sustainability has gained a lot of attention in the field of manufacturing industries and operations management (Ye et al., 2023) which is also the agenda of sustainable development goals (SDGs). According to (Sarkis et al., (2011), GSCM is the integration of ecological issues into supply chain management operations. Therefore, manufacturing companies are required to use GSCM practices due to environmental restrictions and consumer demand for products and services that must be produced using environmentally sustainable practices. While traditional supply chains are effective in terms of cost and time, they sometimes overlook environmental considerations. Businesses, however, are pushed to embrace more sustainable practices in the face of expanding environmental restrictions, changing customer tastes, and the urgent need to battle climate change (Naseer et al., 2023). Therefore, GSCM is considered as environmental innovation and organizations are continuously striving for reducing the environmental impacts and adopting the eco-friendly products to ensure the ethical sourcing and methods of production (Appiah et al., 2022). Organisations may gain operational efficiency to a more sustainable future by embracing sustainability concepts, while reducing the carbon footprints.

Moreover, adopting sustainable practices may have a significant positive impact on operations management, including lower energy use, better resource allocation, waste reduction, higher-quality products, and increased operational resilience (Akhtar et al., 2023). Organizations also prioritize sustainability and embrace green innovation often experience improved stakeholder perceptions and enhanced brand reputation, leading to increased customer loyalty and trust (Sarkis et al., 2011). Despite the potential advantages of green sustainable innovation in operations management, its implementation can be challenging (Amjad et al., 2022). Supplier selection, economic considerations, technology resilience, sharing of data, and change management are frequent challenges for organizations. To address these issues, strategic planning, investments in green technology, supplier alliances, worker participation, and efforts towards continuous improvement are all necessary (Appiah et al., 2022). Furthermore, Zhu et al., (2012) found that there are major obstacles still need to be overcome for the adoption of GSCM. The main obstacles to undertaking the GSCM practices in an enterprise's business are, of course, several complexities and uncertainties. GSCM integrates personnel and concerns to address complexity and uncertainty.

Previous research has explored various aspects of green supply chain management in operations management. A lot of emphasis has lately been paid to "green supply chain management" in academia and business, with the goal of advancing theories and methods that support more environmentally and ecologically responsible projects (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui, et al., 2023). Previous research also shown that GSCM practices assist industrial organizations enhance their operational performance (Blome et al., 2014; Sarkis et al., 2011; Seuring & Müller, 2008). Moreover, Zhu and Sarkis (2004) invented the GSCM paradigms, and a lot of research scholars have contributed to them. Researchers now agree that the GSCP efforts are assisting the organization in achieving improved operational performances. But there aren't enough empirical research looking at how GSCM practices relate to functional performance (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui, et al., 2023). Therefore, there is still a need for further research to deepen our understanding on the effectiveness of green supply chain in operations management and its impact on organizational performance. Different theories have been addressed in order to examine the effectiveness of green supply chain in operation management.

Ecological issues are incorporated into supply chain management through GSCM. This transformation and movement of products and services from raw material to end users, and the integration of those operations both inside and outside the company, are all included in the supply chain (Das et al., 2023). So, environmental issues including pollution, resource shortages, and climate change have increased awareness of the necessity for sustainable supply chain practices. In order to solve these issues and stay in line with changing regulatory requirements and stakeholder expectations, organizations are increasingly implementing GSCM strategies (Seuring & Müller, 2008). Similar to this, there are other levels at which GSCM may be seen, including internal and external GSCM viewpoints. Studies have shown that GSSM practices can lead to better environmental performance but the links are also dependent on firms capacity (Mallikarathna & Silva, 2019). The linkage between GSCM and other corporate environmental practices and economic performance has been investigated, but the results are also inconsistent. There has been little research into the relationship between GSCM and operational performance. For manufacturers who seek to justify the implementation of the GSPCM, this unclear connection between the use of GSPCM and the consequent increased performance, whether in terms of the environment, the economy, or operations, has turned into a barrier. (Zhu et al., 2012). Although performance benefits are not always visible, prior research has confirmed a substantial direct relationship between GSCM and performance improvement (Zhu et al., 2008). According to these researches, Internal GSCM practices are more widely adopted than external GSCM practices, leading to imbalance in performance. Therefore, the imbalance between internal and external GSCM practices hinders performance improvement.

Numerous studies have shown the relationship between green supply chain and operations management (Abu Seman et al., 2019; Amjad et al., 2022; Das et al., 2023; Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui, et al., 2023; Naseer et al., 2023; Ye et al., 2023). It is important to note that the GSCM has a significant impact on the environment in supply chain management operations, which may improve sustainability performance of

organizations. Therefore, Green supply chain is closely related with operations management because it involves the integration of environmental considerations into its supply chain process (Das et al., 2023). The management of green supply chains is designed to integrate sustainability principles into different operating activities in order to attain the ecological objectives whilst maintaining their effectiveness. Achieving this requires reducing the carbon emissions, minimizing the waste generation through use of natural resources and adopting sustainability across the supply chain. The other way around, operations management is about optimizing processes and resources at work in the making and delivery of goods or services (Amjad et al., 2022).

Moreover, the use of sustainable materials, recyclable packaging and energy efficient product design is promoted in the field of GSCM. At the design stage, operations managers may work together with product designers to incorporate ecological considerations into designs which produce sustainable and energy efficient products (Sarkis, Zhu and Lie, 2011). Indeed, there are a number of practices in general that constitute GSCM. Several empirical studies have implemented internal environmental leadership, green buying, customer ecological cooperation, and reverse logistics. In general, the two disciplines of sustainability supply chains and operations management are connected to optimize processes in terms of minimizing environmental impacts and achieving stable results. Integrating green practice in operational management improves efficiency, reduces costs, promotes collaboration, enables monitoring of performance and helps to mitigate risks within the broader framework of a green supply chain. The successful implementation of green supply chain management requires a supportive organizational culture and strong leadership. By embracing sustainable practices in operations management, organizations can contribute to a more sustainable future while gaining a competitive edge in the marketplace. However, this research paper examines the different dimensions of operations management with a view to evaluating the effectiveness of Green Supply Chain Practices. The following dimensions are concerned with procurement and sourcing, production and manufacturing, logistics and transport or reverse logistics (Huma, Ahmed, et al., 2023; Ye et al., 2023). The main purpose of the study is to investigate the effectiveness of green supply chain in operations management and its impact on organizational performance in past literature.

#### **Aims and Objectives**

The main aims and objectives of the study includes:

- To advance research in operations management to promote green supply chain practices.
- To investigate the effectiveness of green supply chain in operations management.
- To evaluate the impact of implementing green supply chain on organizational performance.

#### Scope (Need and Importance)

In today's corporate environment, the field of green supply chain management research within operations management is broad and vital. Planning, implementing, and optimizing environmentally friendly methods across the whole supply chain from locating raw materials to shipping finished goods to customers are all included in this discipline. The urgent environmental issues affecting our globe necessitate this kind of research. Due to causes such as contamination, depleted resources and global warming, there is a matter of urgency for all the corporations, governments and consumer actions to overcome the negative effects of industrial activities. Therefore, more and more, businesses are forced to adopt more environmentally friendly supply chains processes as a means to mitigate environmental footprint, reduce wastes, and protect nature.

Therefore, it is impossible to overestimate the significance of learning about green supply chain management for operations managers. Organizations may reap several significant advantages by incorporating environmental factors into their supply chain operations. First of all, they may improve their corporate reputation and sustainability credentials, which are becoming more and more crucial in luring eco-aware investors and customers. Second, by reducing energy use, improving resource efficiency, and

lowering waste disposal expenses, implementing green supply chain techniques frequently results in cost savings. Third it prevents businesses from breaking the environment laws and standards in accordance with that it will diminish fine, litigation and loss of reputation in cases where organizations use such act illegal practices. the green supply chain.

# Literature Review Supported Theories

#### Resource Based View (RBV) Theory of Competitive Advantage

The RBV theory proposed by Wernerfelt (1984) emphasis on the strategic management resources and abilities within an organization. It suggests that the use of unique and valuable resources can achieve a sustainable competitive advantage. The RBV theory helps to explain how businesses can develop and use environmentally friendly sources and capacities in order to gain a competitive edge with regard to green supply chains and operations management (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui, et al., 2023; Naseer et al., 2023; Sabahi & Parast, 2022). Additionally, utilizing expertise in supply chain operations helps the organization accomplish its goals (Chen et al., 2023). Furthermore, competent supply chain management workers can increase the performance of the manufacturing chain, leading to an ongoing competitive edge (Jum'a et al., 2022). In order to achieve greater performance and sustainability, this theory focuses on the role of resources such as eco-friendly technologies, sustainable supply chain relationships or management of green knowledge.

#### **Natural Resource Based View Theory**

The natural resource-based view theory is the modified form of resource-based view and defined by its principle of the fact that in order to be competitive, firms are dependent on their relationship with nature and organizations take a keen interest in the environmental effect of firm resources (Chen et al., 2023). Moreover, NRBV theory aids in comprehending how organization's may use environmentally friendly resources and capabilities to improve their performance and sustainability results in the context of green supply chain and operations management.

Several studies conducted by researchers on the NRBV. Zeng, Xu, and Dong (2010) examine the connection between green supply chain management and organizations performance. According to the study, organizations' economic and environmental performance was favorably impacted by the availability and use of green resources, such as eco-friendly technology and sustainable supply chain connections.

## **Institutional Theory**

Institutional theory was proposed by John Meyer and Brian Rowan (1970s) examines how organizations comply to and are impacted by their institutional environment's norms, values, and regulations. With the perspective of green supply chain and operations management, theory suggests that organizations adopt sustainable practices and initiatives not only because they are financially beneficial, but also because they are under pressure from stakeholders, regulations and societal expectations (Srivastava, 2007).

## **Stakeholder Theory**

Stakeholder theory suggests that firms generate beneficial external effects when they influence both parties (stakeholders) internally. Outside factors drive organizations to implement green practices and reduce waste (Das et al., 2023). According to Sarkis et al. (2011), when stakeholders are taken care of, organizations' performance and financial health should improve. Furthermore, it has been proved that applying sustainable practices and with best stakeholder support may provide a firm with a competitive edge (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui et al., 2023). Organizations should consider the interests and demands of diverse stakeholders and attempt to satisfy them. With the context of green supply chain and operations

management, the theory emphasis on organizations should adopt sustainable practices to fulfil the expectations of stakeholders such as consumers, suppliers, workers, communities, and regulators (Pagell & Wu, 2009).

#### **Resource Dependency Theory**

The resource dependency theory, proposed by Pfeffer and Gerald (1978) suggests that competitiveness can be derived through the coordination of inter-organizational efforts. Because the risk element faced by enterprises has increased, organizations cannot rely just on internal sources to participate worldwide. All stakeholders in the supply chain must produce environmentally sustainable goods and services (Naseer et al., 2023). Moreover, the influence of environmental management systems (EMS) on business and environmental performance is investigated using RDT. It implies that organizations with effective EMS implementation utilize external connections with suppliers, regulators, and customers to obtain the resources and support required for successful green supply chain activities(Pagell & Wu, 2009).

#### **Triple Bottom Line Theory**

The theory emphasizes the integration of economic, social, and environmental factors, is extremely significant to green supply chain and operations management research. This idea recognizes that organizations should evaluate their consequences on people, the environment, and profit in addition to financial performance. Additionally, the TBL approach provides a comprehensive framework for understanding the overall sustainability implications of supply chain operations within the perspective of Green Supply Chain Management.

In green supply chain management, a number of studies have been carried out on the application of TBL theory. Govindan et al., (2015) explored the relationship between Green Supply Chain Practices and triple bottom line results. Their research showed that implementing green supply chain practices has a favorable impact on an organization's economic, environmental, and social performance. In assessing the effectiveness of green supply chains, this study pointed to the importance of having a good understanding of the TBL dimensions. In addition, studies by Zhu et al. (2012) investigate the effects of green supply chain management practices on manufacturing companies' triple bottom line performance. The study's findings showed that companies using green supply chain practices had better financial results, had less of an impact on the environment, and had better social outcomes. Integrating environmental sustainability into supply chain management has received a lot of attention in recent years. Green supply chain management, as well as sustainable supply chain management, focuses on incorporating environmental considerations throughout the supply chain. The objective of this literature review is to investigate the current body of research on the efficacy of establishing a green supply chain in operations management and its impact on organizational performance.

#### **Critical Success Factors**

## Green Supply Chain and Environmental Performance

Throughout the supply chain process, green supply chain management emphasizes numerous environmental aspects. In order to construct a sustainable supply chain, (Zhu et al., 2012) underline the adoption of green supply chain practices that has been proven to improve environmental performance, support sustainability objectives, and reduces organizations' environmental footprints. Similarly, Sarkis et al., (2011) stress the need of operations management in developing green manufacturing processes and installing energy-efficient technology to reduce environmental consequences.

There are number of studies conducted on the relationship between GSCM and environmental performance. In the context of industrial organizations, (Pagell & Wu, 2009) investigated the effect of GSCM practices on environmental performance. According to the study's findings, GSCM practices helped organizations enhance their environmental performance. In particular, the study demonstrated a

significant relationship between green procurement, green operation and environmental performance indicators such as reduced energy use, waste production and emissions. Zhu et al. (2012) conducted another research in the textile industry who investigated the relationship between green supply chain management practices and environmental performance. According to the study, industries who used GSCM practices, such as waste management, eco-design, and green buying, performed better in terms of the environment. The study made clear how important it is to incorporate the sustainable practices across the supply chain in order to obtain favorable environmental effects. According to Abu Seman et al., (2019), the overall view is that implementation of green supply chain practices can contribute to improving the performance of the environment. Organizations can achieve environmental objectives and contribute to sustainability targets by adopting green procurement strategies, optimizing the manufacturing process for reducing waste and emissions, carrying out energy efficient transport and effective management of reverse logistics.

#### **Green Supply Chain and Green Innovation**

Currently, the world is facing environmental challenges like climate change, depletion of natural resources, carbon emission gases etc. that needs to be addressed. In this way, green supply chain and green innovation are two interrelated concepts focusing on the mutual goal of promoting environment sustainability in the organizations. These two concepts are addressed by evolutionary approach (Nelson & Winter, 1992) and innovation through co-creation model (Prahalad & Ramaswamy, 2004). Both ideas suggested that in order to meet the high demands from outside elements, particularly those from government regulations and regulators, the interaction between participants involved in the firms' supply chain process will lead to greater environmental innovation.

Moreover, the term "green supply chain management" refers to a variety of methods used to minimize the overall supply chain's negative environmental effects. Sustainable procurement, ecological design, green manufacturing, green logistics and reverse logistics are also part of this. It is possible for organizations to optimize the use of resources, minimize waste generation and reduce greenhouse gas emissions across their supply chain through these practices. By driving demand for sustainable technologies, materials and practices, green supply chain practice creates an enabling environment for green innovation (Abu Seman et al., 2019). Green innovation is described as the environmental innovation of practices, processes, management, and marketing that has emerged from the implementation of GSCM, resulting in an improvement in corporate environmental performance (Abu Seman et al., 2019; Chen et al., 2023; Wacker & Samson, 2021; Zhu et al., 2012). Green innovation is critical to driving sustainability and tackling environmental issues. Organizations may create and implement sustainable solutions that improve resource efficiency, minimize pollution, and help contribute to a more environmentally friendly future by incorporating environmental concerns into the innovation process. By adopting the sustainable practices and promoting green innovation, we can overcome the challenges and create a more sustainable and resilient future for all. Furthermore, it is thought that green innovation will continuously provide opportunities to innovate at each level of the supply chain in order to obtain a competitive edge and reduces environmental impacts in the industry area (Abu Seman et al., 2019).

## Green Supply Chain and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Green Supply Chain and Corporate Social Responsibility provides an interconnected relationship focusing on common objective of promoting sustainability and ethical business practices. It is consistent with the wider CSR framework by focusing on sustainable supply chain management, which takes care of environmental considerations in relation to the production process. Organizations have shown their commitment to protecting the environment through implementation of sustainable procurement practices, introduction of ecofriendly production methods and promotion of responsible logistics and transport management (Govindan et al., 2015). Furthermore, the interests of different stakeholders are addressed and taken into account by GSC as well as CSR. The management of Green Supply Chains requires collaboration between suppliers, clients and others in order to enhance the promotion of sustainable

practices (Zhu et al., 2007). Moreover, Green supply chain management aids businesses in adhering to moral and legal standards relating to environmental sustainability, which is a key component of CSR. Organizations show their dedication to moral behavior by following environmental laws, using sustainable sourcing methods, and assuring ethical waste management. Green supply chain and corporate social responsibility emphasizes the ethical business practices and the sustainability in organizations. By integrating supply chain practices, organizations may strengthen stakeholder connections and uphold their CSR obligations.

#### GSCM, Operational Efficacy and Cost Effectiveness

Several studies have looked at how green supply chain management affects efficiency in operation and cost-effectiveness. Pagell and Wu (2009) discovered that organizations that adopted sustainable practices had higher process efficiency, lower resource consumption, and higher cost savings. Organizations may optimize their operations and reduce waste creation by using lean manufacturing concepts and waste reduction techniques, resulting in cost savings and increased operational efficiency (Appiah et al., 2022). Furthermore, Seuring and Müller (2008) emphasize the possibility for supplier collaboration to create cost-effective green supply chain practices through collaborative environmental improvement projects.

#### **Green Supply Chain and Product Design**

The relationship among green supply chain and product design is very important while studying the effectiveness of sustainable practices in operations management. Both concepts are interrelated with the aim of reducing environmental impacts through the whole life cycle of products. Green supply chain management involves the process of implementing sustainable practices throughout the whole supply chain, from procurement to end-of-life disposal. Sustainable product design is concerned with developing goods that have a lower environmental effect, require less resources, and are readily recyclable or disposable. Different research studies have highlighted the importance of implementing green supply chain and product design practices to attain the sustainability goals. Blome et al. (2014) has underlined the positive relationship between green supply chain management and sustainable product design in order to share its contribution towards improving environmental performance. Another study conducted by (Zhu et al., 2008) recognizes that there is a positive impact on the environmental performance of the whole supply chain by applying sustainable product design principles in its earliest stages of product development. Moreover, Product quality and customer happiness may both be influenced by green supply chain management. Organizations may produce eco-friendly goods with increased features such as recyclability, durability, and decreased environmental effect by incorporating environmental concerns into product design and development (Mallikarathna & Silva, 2019). These researches provide the relation between green supply chain and product design and highlights the incorporation of sustainable deigns practices into larger GSCM strategy.

## Organizational Performance and Stakeholders Perception with GSCM

The adoption of a green supply chain has wider effects on stakeholder perception and organizational performance. Sustainable supply chain practices have a favorable impact on both financial performance and market competitiveness (Pagell & Wu, 2009). Organizations may boost their reputation, draw in ecoconscious clients, and strengthen stakeholder relations by aligning with sustainability objectives (Sarkis et al., 2011). Furthermore, observing environmental laws and standards can help to ensure legal compliance and lessen the harm to one's reputation that comes with environmental problems (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui et al., 2023).

### Research Methodology Qualitative Research and Data Analysis

The methodology we used in this paper is qualitative approach which involves the study of previous literature reviews. The study period included by the papers used is from January 2008 to February 2023. A complete understanding of the dynamics, trends, and changes relevant to the current research issue was achieved by using a 15-year timeframe. By using university credentials, we gather data by searching keywords like green supply chain, operations management, organizational performance and sustainable performance to seek articles relevant to our research topic from well-known academic databases; Taylor and Francis, Emerald Insight, ResearchGate, Springer, Elsevier and Wiley Online through different Journals including Journal of cleaner production, Journal of Supply chain management, Total Quality Management and Business Excellence and Journal of Environmental Science and Pollution Research. So, that we sought to narrate important developments, trends, and learnings that arose in the field of green supply chain management in operation management throughout the previous 10 years by looking through papers released during this period. This amount of time permits a thorough review of relevant articles, studies, reports, and other materials that strengthen our analysis and facilitate the derivation of important findings." We also examined the variables in relation to operations management and green supply chain as part of the methodology. Environmental and organizational performance, green innovation, product design, corporate social responsibility, operational efficacy, and cost effectiveness are just a few of the relevant topics covered in this literature process.

In order to get significant insights from the gathered documents, a structured systematic approach is used for the analysis. Depending on our research we conducted the analysis by using software tool i.e. Mendeley. The Mendeley allowed us to do bibliometric analyses on our data, which included evaluating who the major authors were in our dataset, which journals were relevant to our study, and whether patterns might be noticed in publications over time. Additionally, we may track down a variety of other important types of information to determine which works have had the most influence by utilizing Mendeley's citation and reference extraction tools. Mendeley's collaborative capabilities made it easier for team members to communicate and work together during the analysis, enabling the smooth exchange of ideas, criticism, and notes. Because of the collaborative atmosphere, the analytical process was more thorough and efficient, which allowed us to extract valuable insights and conclusions from the literature.

Moreover, we developed the fact sheet of selected articles (see Table 1). The research paper followed the guidelines and principles of the APA (American Psychological Association) citation style to properly cite and reference the sources used in the literature review. In-text citations were used to attribute specific ideas and findings to their respective authors, while the reference list at the end of the paper provided a comprehensive list of all the cited sources.

#### **Discussion**

The study examined the effect of green supply chain in operations management that enhances the organizational and environmental performance. This study was specifically aimed to ascertain the relationship of green supply chain, operations management, environmental and organizational performance. The organizations are required by the new environmental concerns to continually develop their supply chain's green capabilities and implement sustainable green practices in order to improve their environmental performance. Previous studies have extensively examined the effectiveness of green supply chain practices in operations management. Studies have highlighted the significant impact of adopting sustainable practices on operational performance and environmental outcomes. For example, research by Sarkis and Zhu (2018) found that organizations implementing green supply chain initiatives achieved improvements in cost reduction, resource efficiency, and customer satisfaction. Similarly, (Mallikarathna & Silva, 2019) emphasized the role of green supply chain management in enhancing operational performance and competitive advantage. These studies provide valuable insights into the benefits and effectiveness of integrating sustainability principles into supply chain operations. We also found that

manufacturing firm-based samples have been a big part of the green supply chain. However, because the samples used in the qualitative approach restricted the findings' generalizability, more diverse populations should be considered for future research (Chen et al., 2023).

Moreover, adopting green supply chain practices significantly improved the state of the environment. Organizations who implemented waste reduction strategies, used eco-friendly technology, and engaged in responsible sourcing exhibited decreases in carbon emissions, waste creation, and resource use. This demonstrates how successful green supply chains are in fostering environmental sustainability. The results and findings of the study also revealed that successful green supply chain efforts rely on active stakeholder participation and collaboration. Sustainable activities that included suppliers, customers, and other important stakeholders yielded greater results. Collaboration enabled information exchange, creativity, and the creation of long-term solutions, which resulted in enhanced operational performance and environmental outcomes. These findings are consistent with various theories including the research conducted by different scholars (Huma, Ahmed Siddiqui et al. (2023), Naseer et al. (2023), and Sabahi and Parast (2022) on the resource-based view of competitive advantage by showing how businesses may take use of special and valuable resources, such environmentally friendly technology and sustainable supply chain partnerships, to obtain a competitive edge in green supply chains highlighting the importance of RBV in elucidating how resources function in attaining sustainable performance outcomes. Moreover, by utilizing stakeholders' theory provide understanding on importance of stakeholder interaction in promoting the adoption of sustainable practices and cutting waste in supply chain operations consistent with prior studies in green supply chain by Das et al. (2023) and Sarkis et al. (2011). In addition, our findings are consistent with the study of Govindan et al. (2015), shows that a company may improve its triple bottom line performance and get superior financial, environmental, and social results by implementing green supply chain practices

Study also found that implementing green supply chain practices provides organizations with a competitive edge. Those who adopted sustainability as a strategic objective were better positioned to fulfil customer demand for environmentally friendly products and services. Furthermore, sustainable practices led to brand improvement, customer loyalty, and access to new markets, giving organizations a competitive advantage in the marketplace.

Ultimately, the findings of this study will advance our understanding of green supply chain management and its function in operations management. organizations may enhance their supply chain strategy and their environmental performance by considering the efficacy of sustainable practices, which will provide them a competitive edge. Organizations may develop a more responsible and resilient supply chain by coordinating operations with sustainability goals, which will benefit not just their bottom line but also the environment and society at large.

#### **Conclusion**

The efficacy of green supply chain practices in operations management is a critical subject in today's global corporate business. This research paper has offered a thorough investigation of the topic, looking at how GSM and operations management are related, as well as the variables and theories that have been used to study the green supply chain and its effects on managerial decision-making. However, with the extensive literature review, it is concluded that GSC practices lead to better environmental sustainability, operational efficiency, cost reduction, and stakeholder interactions. Moreover, initiatives to adopt a green supply chain need to be strategically integrated, stakeholders must be included, performance must be measured, suppliers must work together, there must be continual improvement, there must be cooperation with regulatory agencies, and there must be good communication.

Overall, we conclude that, for organizations to promote environmental sustainability, operational efficiency, and competitive edge, the efficacy of green supply chain practices in operations management

is critical. A more sustainable and robust business environment will be made possible by ongoing research and the effective use of green supply chain strategies.

#### **Managerial Implications**

Green supply chain practices should be deliberately included into managers' operations management plans. In order to achieve this, it is necessary to coordinate sustainability goals with overarching business goals and to make sure that green activities are integrated across the whole supply chain, from sourcing through manufacturing, transportation, and reverse logistics. Organizations may enhance operational performance and environmental consequences by integrating sustainability into the strategic decision-making process. Moreover, in order to manage a green supply chain, managers should promote a culture of innovation and constant development. Organizations may foster innovation and preserve a competitive edge by empowering staff to suggest and execute sustainable practices, investing in the study and development of eco-friendly technology, and keeping up with market trends and best practices. Green supply chain strategies should be reviewed and updated often to maintain their effectiveness and conform to shifting market conditions.

#### **Limitations and Future Research**

Although, the study has several limitations in it. First, only qualitative approach is used in this research. Research is conducted on the analysis of different research articles and give insight into the effectiveness of green supply chain in operations management. Future studies should conduct quantitative approach in order to get clear and generalizable results of green supply chain in operations management. As, this research is qualitative and lacks the theoretical model, future researchers should consider others factors and develop a hypnotized theoretical model. However, industry-specific research can give more in-depth insights into how well green supply chain practices work in various industries. Businesses in sectors like manufacturing, retail, healthcare, or transportation could have particular difficulties or possibilities that call for specialized research. Moreover, Green supply chain activities' long-term effects on operational performance and sustainability outcomes can also be captured by longitudinal studies. A more thorough understanding of the success of sustainable practices will be provided by comprehending the dynamics and changes over time. The social and economic consequences of green supply chain practices should be investigated in future study. By investigating how green supply chain management affects employee happiness, consumer perception, brand value, and financial performance may give a comprehensive knowledge of the larger implications of green supply chain management.

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Table 1

Table 1		1					
Topic	Authors/ Years	Journal/ Database	Methodology	Results/Findings	Future Im lications	Gap Found	Keywords
Alignment	Ying Ye, Kwok	International	This study used	The findings of	This study has a	GSCM	Green supply
of green	Hung Lau,	Journal of	an exploratory	the study show	few limitations.	practices have	chain strategy,
supply	Leon Teo, 2023	Logistics	in-depth case	that businesses	Firstly, the	been widely	Strategic fit of
chain		Management	study	can build	findings and	discussed in	alignment,
strategies		Emerald	conducted with	different green	conclusion are	the literature	Green and
and			one of the	focuses across	based on one	from three key	lean, Clean
operations			largest Chinese	GSCM elements	exploratory case	aspects: (1)	and agile
from a			electronics	of green	study despite	green	Paper
product			manufacturers	operation, green	the fact the case	operations; (2)	
perspective			that is	relationship	company is an	green	
			considered a	management and	earlier adopter	relationship	
			leading GSCM	green product	and typical	management	
			adopter in the	design to form	exemplar in	and (3) product	
			industry, to	diverse hybrid	GSCM in China	eco-design.	
			understand how	strategic	and embedded	Early research	
			the company	solutions. They	multiple unit	defines GSCM	
			adopts green	include green	analysis is	as integrating	
			supply chain	control, lean,	employed. This	environmental	
			practices across	agile and clean	study believe	thinking into	
			its multiple	innovation while	that theoretical	the various	
			product lines.	taking	replication of	aspects of	
				consideration of	this research	supply chain	
				supply chain type	could be	operations	
				and product	improved by	including	
				lifespan. A	exploring	material	
				taxonomy of four	empirically a	sourcing and	
				key GSCM	wider sample of	selection,	
				strategic	companies in	manufacturing	
				combinations is	future.	and production,	
				proposed based	Secondly, the	delivery of the	
				on the findings.	study examines	final product as	
				The strategies	only the GSCM	well as end-of-	
				align with green	practices in the	life	
				demand and	electronics	management of	
				supply chain	industry.	the product	
				characteristics	Although this	(Seuring and	
				balancing a series	industry is	Muller, 2008;	
				of business	regarded as a	Srivastava,	
				competitive	representative	2007). Newer	
				objectives in	context for	studies suggest	
				terms of reducing	GSCM research,	that success of	
				pollution and	different green	GSCM	
				waste, improving	practices may	depends on the	
				green cost	be adopted in	approach	
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			efficiency,		adopted by
			enhancing green	manufacturing	each party in
			demand	industries due to	the upstream
			innovation and	different	and the
			building green	settings. Future	downstream of
			service	studies can also	the supply
			effectiveness	explore	chain (Sarkis et
				practices in	al., 2011;
				diverse industry	Tseng et al.,
				settings to help	2019). GSCM
				improve the	is thus
				generalizability	redefined as
				of the findings.	communicating
					green
					obligations and
					commitments
					to partners
					across the
					supply chain
					involving
					suppliers,
					manufacturers,
					customers and
					finally reverse
					logistics (e.g.,
					smart eco-
					friendly
					disposal or
					reuse of end-
					of-life
					products) for
					sustainable
					responsibility.
					Latest research
					further
					emphasizes
					GSCM as
					integrating
					green into the
					design of
					product and
					supply chain to
					reduce, reuse,
					recycle and
					incorporate
					clean

						innovation	
						with a more	
						proactive	
						implementation	
						view	
Embracing	Faheem Akhtar	Journal of	This study was	The results of the	The study has	Dynamic	Information
green	and Baofeng	Business and	conducted	study shows that	some	capability is	and
supply	Huo	Industrial	based on	green supplier	limitations.	"the capacity to	manufacturing
chain	March 2023	Marketing	survey data	collaboration	First, the data	integrate,	technologies,
collaborati		Emerald	collected from	(GSC) is	were collected	build, and	green supply
on through			213	significantly	from China.	reconfigure	chain
technologie			manufacturing	associated with	Future studies	internal and	collaboration,
s: the			firms from	environmental	can collect data	external	Economic
bridging			different	performance,	from more	competencies	performance,
role of			industries. The	while green	regions or	to address a	Environmental
advanced			direct effects of	customer	countries.	rapidly	performance
manufactur			the conceptual	collaboration	Second, our	changing	
ing			model were	(GCC) is	data comprise	environment"	
technology			tested using the	positively related	several	(Teece et	
			method of	to economic	industries, such	al.,1997).	
			structural	performance.	as metals,	However,	
			equation	Green internal	machinery,	previous	
			modeling	collaboration not	engineering,	studies argued	
			(SEM),	only enhances	electronic	that GSCC	
			whereas the	green supplier	products and	helps to	
			bootstrapping	and customer	electric	achieve "win-	
			method tested	collaboration but	appliances. It is	win" economic	
			the mediation	also boosts	better to focus	benefits but	
			effects of AMT	environmental	on other	mostly focuses	
			between IT and	and economic	emerging	on the	
			GSCC.	performance. IT	industries in	conceptual	
				directly improves	which	level and failed	
				green internal	hazardous	to specify	
				collaboration but	emissions and	different roles	
				is negatively	chemicals are	of green	
				related to GSC	more	internal,	
				and	significant.	supplier and	
				insignificantly	Third, the	customer	
				related to GCC.	conceptual	collaboration	
				However, AMT	model mainly	in	
				not only	focuses on the	environmental	
				enhances green	technological	and economic	
				internal, supplier	perspective.	performance	
				and customer	Future studies	(Yang. To fill	
				collaboration but	can use cross-	these research	
				also mediates the	sectional or	gaps, based on	
L	1		l	i .	i	l	

				relationship	secondary data	the dynamic	
				between IT and	to explore from	capability	
				green supplier	more	theory, we	
				and customer	perspectives.	develop a	
				collaboration.	Finally, this	comprehensive	
					study only	framework	
					examines one	comprising	
					type of dynamic	information	
					capability,	and	
					which may limit	manufacturing	
					the breadth of	technologies,	
					findings. Thus,	GSCC and	
					adding new	economic and	
					constructions	environmental	
					will be a	performance.	
					positive step in		
					the right		
					direction. In		
					addition, the		
					impact of		
					technology on		
					other dynamic		
					capabilities,		
					such as		
					innovative		
					product		
					development		
					and business		
					process		
					management,		
					will be		
					investigated in		
					the future.		
Modeling	Michael	African	Using a		There are a few	Existing	Environmental
the impact	Karikari	Journal of	quantitative		limitations that	studies	performance,
of green	Appiah, Samuel	Economic and	research		could serve as a	(Acquah et al.,	green supply
supply	Amponsah	Management	approach, the		starting point	2021;	chain,
chain	Odei, Gifty	Studies	study		for further	Agyabeng-	Ghanaian
practices	Kumi-Amoah,	Emerald	developed an		studies. This	Mensah et al.,	petroleum,
on	Samuel		integrated		study could be	2021; Habib et	Supply chain
environme	Ankomah		model to		replicated using	al., 2022)	eccentricity
ntal	Yeboah		examine the		time series data	focused on	Paper
performanc	June 2022		relationship		covering a	different	
e:			between		wider period of	sectors and pay	
the			GSCM		time to ascertain	little attention	
mediating			practices,		the trends of	to the energy	
	I	I		<u>I</u>	I	· ·	 uihe@fui edu nl

role of		Τ	supply sheir		Green SCM	sactor	
			supply chain			sector,	
eccentricity			eco-centers and environmental		practices.	especially the	
					Again, different	oil and gas	
			performance in		research	subsector	
			the context of		approaches	which	
			the Ghanaian		could be used,	produces	
			oil industry.		e.g., mixed-	chemicals that	
			Specifically, a		method or	pose	
			survey had		qualitative	environmental	
			been conducted		research to	risks and affect	
			among		compare and	climate change	
			companies in		contrast the	situations in a	
			the Ghanaian		results.	developing	
			downstream		Moreover,	economy	
			value chain.		further studies	(Ghana). Thus,	
			The paper used		could be carried	present study	
			the structural		out in the form	examines the	
			equation		of a	relationship	
			modeling		comparative	between green	
			approach and		study between	supply chain	
			smart partial		public and	management	
			least squares		private	(Green SCM)	
			(Smart-PLS)		distribution	practices and	
			analytical tool.		companies.	environmental	
					Furthermore,	performance,	
					the role of top	and develop an	
					management	integrated	
					commitment	model to	
					could be	explain the	
					explored, and	mediating role	
					the extent to	of eccentricity	
					which such	on the	
					variable	relationship	
					enhances	between Green	
					environmental	SCM practices	
					performance.	and	
						environmental	
						performance in	
						the context of	
						the Ghanaian	
						downstream	
						petroleum	
						industry	
The impact	Sehrish Huma,	TQM Journal	Data has been	The findings of	Future studies		Green supply
of supply	Waqar Ahmed,	Emerald	collected	the study reveal	can be		chain
chain				that supply chain	conducted by		
CHam	Sohaib Uz		through a	mai suppry chain	conducted by		management

quality	Zaman		survey	quality	adding more		(GSCM),
integration	January 2023		questionnaire	integration	variables to the		Green
on a firm's	January 2023		using a	(SCQI) enhances	research such as		purchasing
sustainable			purposive				(GP), Internal
				the green	eco-design or		` '
performance			sampling	purchasing	customer green		environmental
			technique from	activity as well	corporation		management
			manufacturing	as the	practices. Future		(IEM), Supply
			organizations.	implementation	studies can		chain quality
			Moreover,	of internal	explore how the		management
			Structural	environmental	effects of SCQI		(SCQM),
			equation	management	and TBL may		Sustainable
			modeling of	(IEM) of the	be mediated by		performance
			partial least	firm. However,	green		
			squares was	IEM is a crucial	purchasing.		
			used to study	factor that	References		
			the	contributes to			
			relationships	sustainability			
			between SCQI	performance			
			and green				
			supply chain				
			practices				
			(GSCPs) in				
			driving				
			sustainable				
			performance				
			and is				
			empirically				
			tested using				
			data from 167				
			manufacturing				
			firms				
Understand	Sehrish Huma,	TQM Journal	Structural	The findings of	This research	The study	Green supply
ing the	Danish Ahmed	Emerald	equation	the study reveals	focuses on	contributes to	chain
impact of	Siddiqui		modeling	that the	limited factors;	the theoretical	management
green	Karachi and		analysis was	relationship of	more detailed	development of	(GSCM),
supply	Waqar Ahmed		done based on	GSCPs is	analysis of	a model for	Internal
chain	April 2022		the collected	positively related	GSCM	justification of	environment
manageme			data through a	to all competitive	dimensions such	the	management
nt practices			self-	operational	as investment	relationships	(IEM), Green
on			administrated	capabilities.	recovery, eco-	between	purchasing
operational			questionnaire	Further, study	design or	GSCPs such as	(GP),
competitive			from managers	reveals that	investment	IEM and GP	Operational
capabilities			of 120	operational	recovery, etc.	and how these	competitive
capaomitics			manufacturing	capabilities are	Researchers can	green practices	capabilities
			firms.	_	investigate	will impact	(OCC),
			mins.	directly related to	_	different	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					GSCM practices		Market

		T			1 :4 : q	4:	
				market	and its influence	dimensions of	performance
				performance.	on market	OCC, which	(MP)
					performance as	further leads to	
					well as bottom-	an improved	
					line	market	
					performance.	performance	
						by expanding	
						the existing	
						studies.	
						Previously,	
						very few	
						research	
						studies have	
						inspected the	
						relationship	
						between these	
						constructs, and,	
						more	
						particularly,	
						less research	
						into work has	
						been	
						undertaken in a	
						developing	
						country.	
An	Sima Sabahi	Operations	A structured	The findings of	This study has	A review of the	Product
operations	Mahour Parast	Management	literature	the study shows	various	literature in	innovation ·
and supply	December 2022	Research	review method	that supply chain	limitations,	operations and	New product
chain		Springer US	was used in the	capabilities drive	researchers	supply chain	development ·
manageme		Springer 05	study. The	product	realize that there	management	Supply chain
nt			research	innovation from	are other	identifies an	management ·
perspective			process was	different	perspectives to	important gap	Resource-
to product			conducted in	dimensions. In	product	in the research.	based theory
innovation			two phases.	fact, it has been	innovation that	Several studies	Resource
iiiiovatioii			First, the study	shown that NPD			orchestrations
			1		are important to	examined the	
			looked through	and SCM are	understanding	relationship	· Competitive
			databases and	highly related,	product	between	advantage
			journals by	and the	innovation.	different	
			using specific	performance of a	Thus, it is	aspects of firm	
			keywords such	supply chain	important to	innovation and	
			as "product	positively	explore the	the capabilities	
			innovation",	influences NPD	relationship	of operations	
			"new product	performance in	between product	and supply	
			development",	terms of many	innovation and	chain	
			and "new	factors such as	other	management.	
			product	time to market,	management	However, the	

performance",	quality, reduction	domains such as	literature has	
as	in engineering	marketing or	overlooked the	
Evanschitzky et	modifications,	finance. Future	antecedents of	
al. (2012) did	and cost.	studies should	product	
in their		examine the	innovation	
research		product-	from a	
process. To		innovation	perspective of	
collect the		effects of	operations and	
relevant papers,		contextual and	sup- ply chain	
we limited the		organizational	management.	
search to the		factors such as	Since the	
title, the		level of	capabilities of	
keywords, and		competition,	operations and	
the abstract of		firm strategy,	supply chain	
each paper.		firm age, and	management	
Second, study		firm size. Future	have a	
followed the		studies are	significant	
references of		needed to	impact on a	
papers		operationalize	firm's	
collected in the		the model	capability for	
first stage, to		for further	innovation, it is	
collect the		validation and	important for	
studies that we		refinement and	organizations	
failed to obtain		to empirically	to fully	
in the first		examine the	understand the	
stage. To		impact of	relationship	
collect the		different	between	
papers, we used		capabilities and	operations and	
high-quality		dimensions	innovation as	
journals in		identified in	well as to	
three fields:		product	invest in	
operations and		innovation.	capabilities	
supply chain		There is a lack	that have the	
management		of knowledge	most impact on	
(OM/SCM),		about how each	a firm's	
general		of these	innovation.	
management		capabilities	Thus, we aim	
(GM), and		influences the	to address this	
operations		performance of	gap in the	
research/		product	literature by	
management		innovation in	identifying the	
science		terms of quality,	ante- cedents	
(OR/MS).		cost, and	of product	
·		marketability.	innovation	
		This involves	from a	
		more empirical	perspective of	
		timpitteen		ih - Ofici - dece

	T	T		ı	1 1 1		
					research that	operations and	
					investigates the	supply chain	
					relationship	management.	
					between various		
					dimensions of a		
					supply chain		
					and product		
					innovation		
Big data	Benzidia, Smail	Annals of	The research	The findings and	The study has	According to	Big data
analytics	Bentahar, Omar	Operations	model involves	results of the	various	the literature,	analytics
capability	Husson, Julien	Research	the use of	study provide	limitations that	the integration	capability ·
in	Makaoui,	Springer US	structural	substantial	open up avenues	of the	Green
healthcare	Naouel		equation	insights and	for future	environment	innovation ·
operations	January 2023		models by	contributions for	research. First,	into	Operations ·
and supply			partial least	hospitals	the study	operations	Supply chain ·
chain			squares (PLS)	engaging in	focused on the	process	Healthcare ·
manageme			approach. This	ecological	green	remains	Environmental
nt: the role			study was	transition	innovation	insufficient to	performance
of green			conducted	strategies. It	process, which	achieve high	
process			based on	highlights the	is certainly	levels of	
innovation			survey through	role of BDACs	critical to the	performance	
			a self-	as a dynamic	environmental	and requires	
			administered	capability	performance of	efforts in green	
			questionnaire.	participating in	organisations.	process	
			Data Collected	the green	However, other	innovation.	
			in 2020 among	innovation	types of green	However, this	
			123 supply	process, thereby	innovation, such	relationship	
			chain	improving the	as green	between	
			executives	green	managerial	BDAC and	
			within French	performance of	innovation and	green	
			hospitals.	hospitals.	green product	process	
			nospitais.	Further it reveals	innovation,	innovation	
				that investment	could	remains poorly	
				in BDACis a	complement	justified	
				proactive	processes	empirically.	
				_	intended to	empiricany.	
				technological			
				measure to	improve		
				improve internal	environmental		
				integration in	performance.		
				order to enhance	Future research		
				environmental	could integrate		
				performance,	the three types		
				which is	of innovation		
				consistent with	and study their		
				previous findings	impact on		
				(Zhao et al.,	environmental		

Effectiveness of Green Supply Chain in Operations Management; Past Research and Future Agenda

		2017).	performance	<u> </u>	
		6.2			
		0.2	and the		
			competitive		
			advantage		
			provided to		
			organisations.		
			Second, the		
			study focused		
			on a sample of		
			hospitals in		
			France.		
			Extending the		
			research to		
			other countries		
			in Europe		
			whose		
			environments		
			differ regarding		
			their		
			characteristics		
			could enhance		
			the		
			generalizability		
			of the research		
			findings. Third,		
			we conducted a		
			quantitative		
			study based on		
			surveys and		
			structural		
			equation		
			modelling. To		
			triangulate the		
			data and		
			understand the		
			phenomenon		
			better, future		
			research could		
			comprise a		
			qualitative study		
			that includes		
			semi-structured		
			interviews with		
			managers. This		
			qualitative study		
	 		could explore		
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		I		I	41		
					the antecedents		
					of BDAC, such		
					as managerial		
					and		
					technological		
					capabilities.		
Impact of	Saira Naseer,	Environmental	A study	The findings of	Organizations	GSCM is	Green human
green	Huaming Song,	Science and	conducted a	the study shows	have	considered a	resource
supply	Gibbson	Pollution	survey to test	that green human	comprehensive	means of	management;
chain	Adu-Gyamfi,	Research	the hypotheses	resource	management	effective	Green supply
manageme	Kashif Abbass,	Springer	to understand	management	and cross-	strategic	chain
nt and	Sidra Naseer.	Berlin	participants'	positively	functional	management	management;
green	February 2023	Heidelberg	views on	influenced the	implementations	that improves	Manufacturing
human			GSCM and	triple bottom	within systems	manufacturing	industry;
resource			GHRM	lines. Second,	and	firms'	Pakistan;
manageme			practices. The	green supply	organizational	environmental	Sustainable
nt practices			participants for	chain	units for potent	performance	performance
on the			the study are	management	and robust	and other	
sustainable			top human	mediates green	environmental	sustainability	
performanc			resource	human resource	management It	performance	
e of			managers and	management and	is also	targets (Zaid et	
manufactur			top supply	triple bottom	recommended	al 2018). These	
ing firms in			chain	lines.	that these	functions are	
Pakistan			managers.	Specifically,	organizations	not extensively	
			Researchers	internal green	have green	investigated as	
			surveyed each	supply chain	conformance	few studies	
			respondent	management	managers to	have studied	
			separately to	mediates green	ensure and	these two	
			avoid	human resource	facilitate the	functions and	
			discrimination.	management	implementation	their	
			Data was	practices and	of green	relationship	
			collated in	sustainable	environmental	(Zaid et al.	
			Pakistan. The	performance. In	management	2018) and	
			Karachi Stock	contrast, external	strategies cross-	(Mousa and	
			Exchange of	green supply	functionally.	Othman 2020).	
			Pakistan (KSE)	chain	There are some	Research into	
			provided data	management	limitations that	the	
			on 212 firms	practices only	need	transmission of	
			from the	mediate the	consideration	green	
			chemical,	relationship	subsequently.	administration	
				_	Firstly, this	across various	
			pharmaceutical,	between green	_		
			automotive,	human resource	study was	organizations	
			textile, and	management	conducted in	and	
			food industries.	practices and the	Paki- stan's	discovering	
				environmental	manufacturing	equal outcomes	
				and social	sector. Future	and shared	

	T	1		I			
				perspective of	research can	connections	
				sustainable	expand to other	between	
				performance. The	sectors and	multiple tasks	
					industries. Also,	is needed. This	
					the current	research	
					study can be	focuses on	
					replicated in	green human	
					other	resource	
					developing	management	
					countries to test	and supply	
					the	chain	
					generalizability	objectives to	
					of findings.	fill this gap	
					Future studies		
					can focus on		
					specific		
					dimensions of		
					supply chain		
					management		
					and human		
					resource		
					management,		
					including hiring,		
					green training,		
					performance,		
					selection,		
					reward, and		
					recruitment.		
					Author		
Effects of	Amjad, Ahmad	Environmental	Data was	The results of	This research is	The GSCM	Eco-design ·
the green	Abbass, Kashif	Science and	collected from	this research	one of the initial	concept	Internal
supply	Hussain, Yasir	Pollution	the 12 ISO	disclose that	research	includes a set	environmental
chain	Khan, Farina	Research	9001 and ISO	scrutiny by an	projects to	of management	management
manageme	Sadiq, Shahzad	Springer	14001 leather	organization's	determine the	practices	system ·
nt practices	May 2022	Berlin	industries	internal	effect of green	intended to	Green
on firm	,	Heidelberg	based in	environment	activities on the	diminish	purchasing ·
performanc			Pakistan. We	management is	organization's	environmental	Environmental
e and			distributed the	compulsory to	performance	effects in SCs	performance ·
sustainable			350	observe the	with the	(Green et al.	Economic
developme			questionnaires	ecological	mediating role	2012). Trujillo-	performance
nt			at 12 leather	endeavors inside	of	Gallego and	performance
111			industries, and	the firm toward	competitiveness	Sarache (2019)	
			the	continuing both	and investment	recognized a	
			questionnaire	inter- and intra-	recovery. Before	set of such	
			was also	organizational	that study was	activities:	
			transferred on		conducted on		
			uansierred on	practices.	conducted on	green	

	Google Forms,	Second, the	the impact of	distribution	
	and 50	positive and	green practices	(GD), green	
	questionnaire	significant effect	on operational	purchasing	
	mail to	of green	performance,	(GP), internal	
	different	distribution on	we used the	environmental	
	individuals	organization	resource	management	
	who work in	performance	dependence	system	
	leather	shows that most	theory in this	(IEMS), eco-	
	industries of	leather industry	research.	design (ED).	
	other cities of	in Pakistan,	Research has	This research	
	Pakistan; out of	which is	also certain	addresses the	
	350	associated with	limitations that	gap of	
	questionnaires,	the export	would be	execution of	
	183 were filled,	business, has	studied in the	GSCM in the	
	and the	begun to embrace	future, firstly,	leather	
	remaining	precautionary	industry, the	industry. This	
	questionnaires	distribution	second size of	study aims to	
	were	activities that	the firm, and	give a	
	incomplete,	help ecological	period of	viewpoint for	
	and out of 50	planning, for	operation as the	GSCM	
	emails, we get	example,	moderating. The	practices by	
	the response of	improved space	second point of	exploring the	
	33 emails, and	utilization and	view on eco-	current	
	evaluated the	less utilization of	friendly	literature,	
	model of this	fuel with	activities of	which can	
	study by using	subsequently	those organs	apply the	
	the partial least	fewer emissions	associated with	methods in the	
	square	10 1101 0111115510115	the local market	leather industry	
	structural		is different from	of Pakistan.	
	equation		those related to	or ransam.	
	modeling PLS-		the export		
	SEM. We		business.		
	SEWI. WC		Thirdly, future		
			research may		
			lead to a multi-		
			group		
			investigation		
			based on small-		
			and medium-		
			level firms to		
			draw a more in-		
			depth induction		
			of green supply		
			chain		
			management		
			activities on the		
<u> </u>					uiho@fui odu n

		leather industry.	
		Fourth,	
		upcoming	
		research can use	
		mixed-method	
		techniques,	
		quantitative	
		techniques to	
		under- stand the	
		in-depth	
		knowledge, and	
		qualitative	
		approach.	
		Lastly, it might	
		lead to a	
		comparative	
		investigation of	
		environment-	
		friendly	
		activities for	
		different	
		enterprises like	
		the rice and	
		textile sectors	